

1 Pathobiology and Population Sciences, RVC 2 Clinical Science and Services, RVC

Study objectives

Background

- Cancer is a leading cause of death in dogs, with 50% of dogs over 10 years old dying from the disease_{1,2}
- Canine cancer associations, particularly environmental ones, are not well understood
- Identify which cancers are most common
- To explore environmental and clinical factors associated with diagnosis and survival

-Dogs may be suitable sentinels for environmental exposures for human cancers³



- Identify potential shared exposures with human cancers

GOLDEN RETRIEVER

in the UK

- Dog signalment, clinical notes, treatments and partial postcode

Retrievers (GRLS)₄

-~3000 dogs (cancer recorded at death in 34.5% of cohort that has died)

- Lifetime, cohort study of US Golden

- Owner and vet questionnaires, clinical notes, tumour histopathology

Project focus

Environmental:

- Airborne emissions
- Pesticides
- Proximity to pollution sources

Risk factors:

- Environmental
- Lifestyle
- Demographic

Lifestyle:

- Activity levels

Demographic:

- Diet

- Age

- Breed

- Medication/co-morbidities

- Sex/neutering status

Initial cancers of interest:

- Haemangiosarcoma GRLS: 13.6% of cohort affected - Mast cell tumour
 - GRLS: 4.7% of cohort affected
- Lymphoma

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GRLS: 5.1% of cohort affected

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